

SECURING VPN ACCESS

ONE CON 2025

managing complexity delivering

simplicity





Thank You for Joining!

Join us for a live demo on how to protect your remote workforce with secure VPN access. We'll showcase how we secure access for your remote workforce now and discuss how to approach it moving forward.







INTRODUCTION

Andrew Dreibelbis

MSP Networking Team Lead

I joined IntegraOne in 2022 as a member of the MSP Network team and have taken over the role of Team Lead earlier this year. I provide guidance and assistance to my team of 6 engineers and collaborate with our PS team for projects and complex issues.

I hold certifications in multiple Fortinet products as well as an Azure Networking Engineering certificate. I have experience with multiple firewall vendors, switching, and wireless networking with Fortinet/Aruba/Meraki.





Goals

- Why we need remote access?
- Why do we use SSLVPN?
 - Pros
 - Cons
- Mitigating SSLVPN issues demo
 - Negative impact of bot traffic on firewall performance
 - Geo restrictions

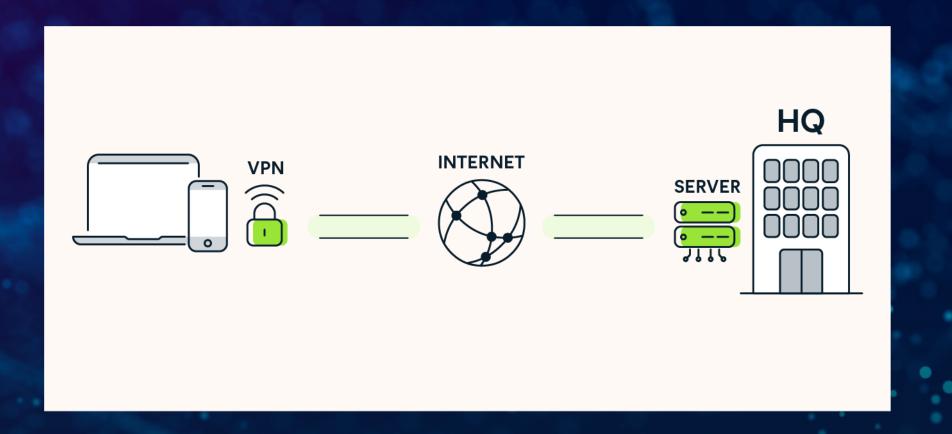
 - Putting SSLVPN on Loopback
 Blocking known threats with ISDB objects (and/or threat feeds)
 Utilizing MFA
- What's next?
 - Dial-up lpsecZTNA/SASE

 - EMS
- Conclusion and Q&A





Why do we need Remote Access?



- Flexibility for remote workers, students, and anyone needing to connect to internal company systems or resources from outside the physical office
- You need a <u>VPN</u> to securely access private networks and sensitive data from a remote location by encrypting your internet connection and authenticating your identity.
- SSL VPNs create an encrypted tunnel, protecting your data from being intercepted by malicious actors when you're on public Wi-Fi or other unsecured networks



Why do we use SSLVPN?



Feature

Encryption

Ac c e s s ib ilit y

Fire wall Friendly

Clientless Option

Ease of Setup

Granular Permissions

Compatibility

SSL VPN Benefit

Uses HTTPS (TLS/SSL)

Works anywhere via web browser

Uses port 443 —rarely blocked

No need to install VPN client

Easier than IPsec for remote access

Per-user/group access control

Supports mobile and desktop devices



Why do we use SSLVPN?



Limitation

Limited in Clientless Mode

Requires Client for Full Access

Slower Performance

Critic al vulnerabilities

Session Stability

Exposed to the public Internet

Explanation

Only web apps, no full network access

Must install software for full tunneling

SSL adds overhead, may be slower than IPsec

Requires frequent patching

Prone to disconnects over poor connections

Common target for cybercriminals



Mitigating SSLVPN Risks



Understand how the traffic flows

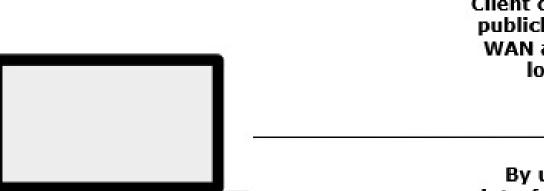




Mitigating SSLVPN Risks

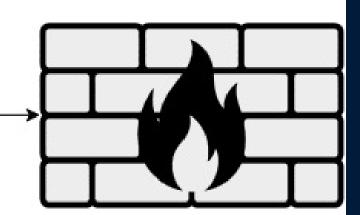


Understand how the traffic flows



Client connected directly to a publicly access port on your WAN and is redirected to a loopback interface

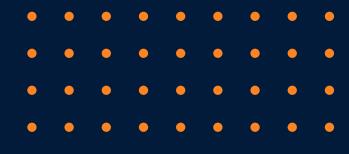
By utilizing a loopback interface we can now bring that traffic into our firewall rules and apply more security before granting access







Demo Info



- Created a virtual firewall in Azure to track results from different configurations
- Left the firewall exposed with basic SSLVPN configuration for 24 hours
- Introduced SSLVPN loopback and firewall rules to restrict traffic
- Transitioned to dial-up Ipsec
- https://badfirewall.dreib.net

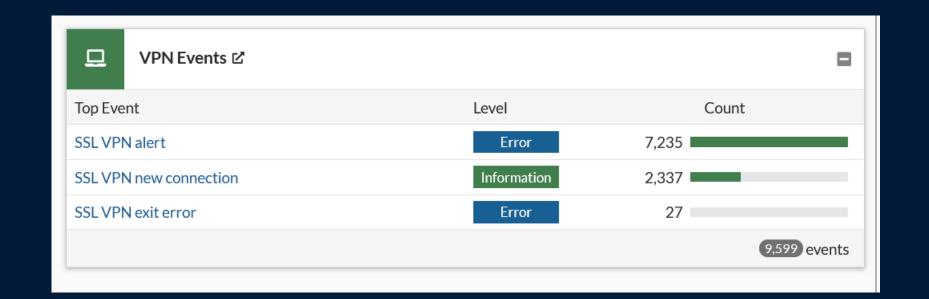


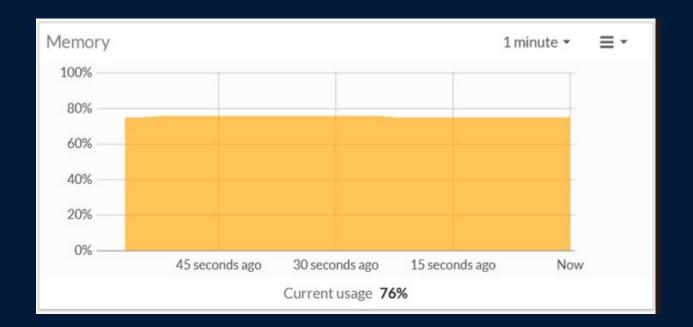
Demo Info



- Base configuration quickly became unusable
 - CPU spikes and high memory usage

General System Events ☑		
Top Event	Level	Count
Admin login failed	Alert	5,461
Admin login disabled	Alert	789
FortiGate update succeeded	Notice	70 I
DHCP statistics	Information	48
CPU usage statistics	Notice	12
		6,400 events









Securing SSLVPN

- Move the SSLVPN interface to a loopback
 - Create firewall rules to block bad actors
 - Introduce Geographic restrictions
 - Enable security profiles
 - Disable web-based SSLVPN and disable the web portal
- Disable web-based SSLVPN and break the web portal
- Use Multi-factor authentication









• Dial-up IPsec

Benefits of Dial-Up IPsec VPN

1. Performance

- Generally faster throughput and lower latency since it operates at the network layer (Layer 3) with less overhead.
- Good for site-to-site tunnels or power users needing heavy data transfer (file shares, VoIP, etc.).

2. Strong Security

- Uses mature and well-tested cryptographic standards (IKEv2, ESP, AH).
- Can enforce strict authentication (certificates, PSKs, EAP).

3. Full Network Access

- Seamless access to the internal network as if the user is physically on-site.
- Supports complex routing and multiple subnets easily.

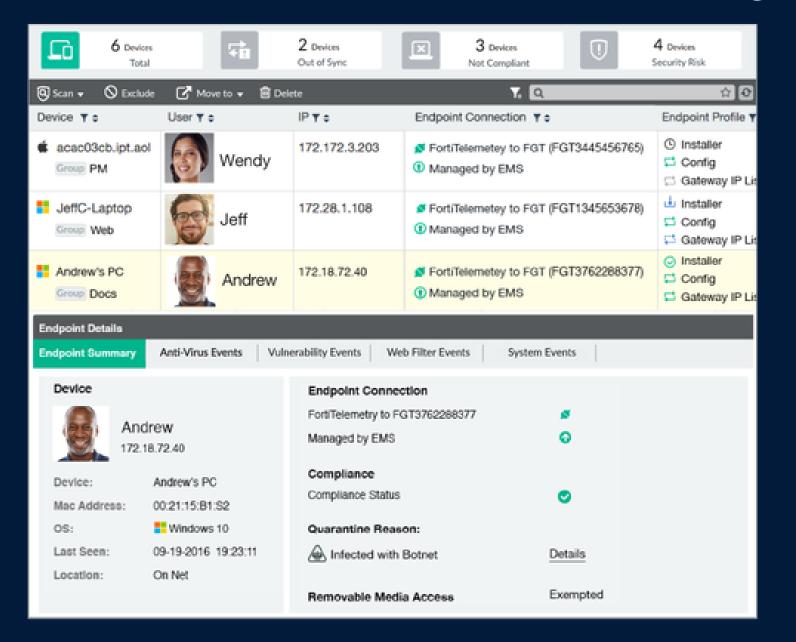
4. Scalability

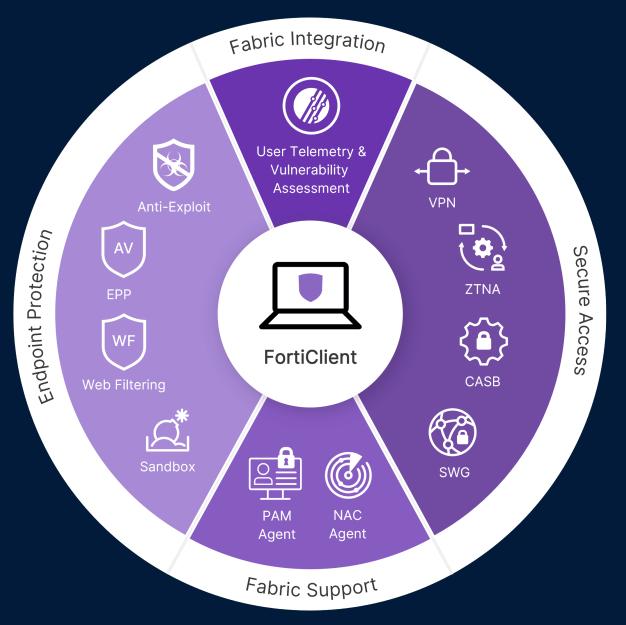
- Widely supported across platforms, routers, and firewalls.
- Ideal for large organizations with many remote workers or branch offices.





• Using EMS









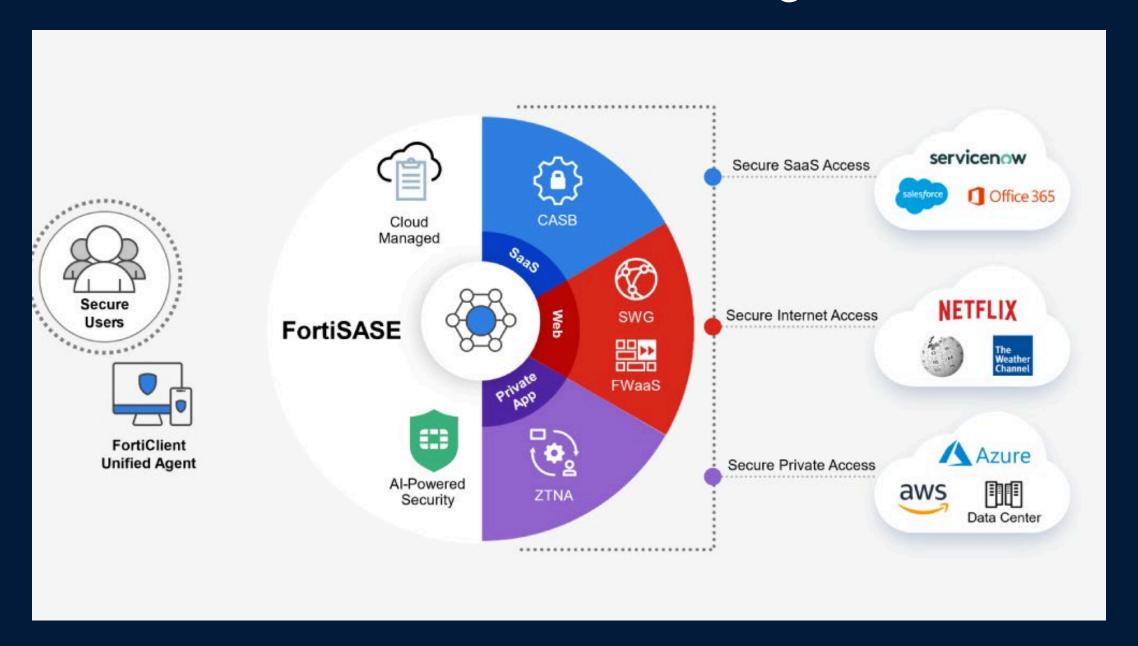
• Secure Access Secure Edge - SASE

® Benefits of SASE

- Performance: Users connect to the closest cloud edge, reducing latency.
- Scalability: Cloud-native, so it grows as your business grows.
- Consistent Security: Security policies apply everywhere (HQ, branch, remote worker, cloud).
- Zero Trust: Enforces identity-based access (user + device authentication).
- Simplified IT: Reduces need for many on-prem security appliances.



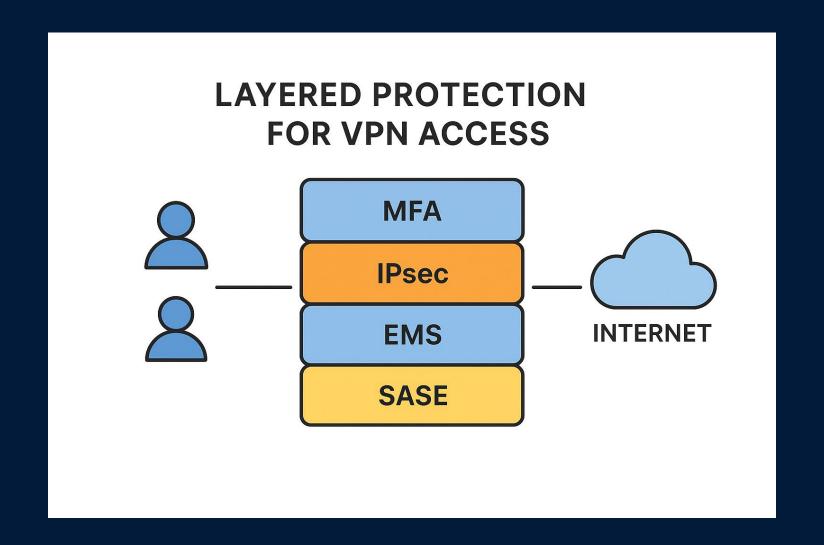
• Secure Access Secure Edge - SASE







- Time to plan for the future
 - FortiClient free VPN-only agent is being phased out
 - Creating layered protection





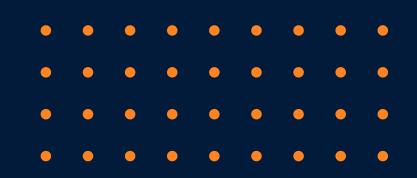




QUESTIONS & ANSWERS

Want to ask me questions later?

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Thank you for attending today!

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